



**What is Kanban?**

**What is Kanban?**

**What is Kanban?**

**What is Kanban?**

**What is Kanban?**

**What is Kanban?**

**What is Kanban?**

**What is Kanban?**

**Frank Vega**

**Brad Swanson**

**Agile Denver Presentation - June 2009**

DRIVE  
FORWARD





**3 Mini-Presentations:**

**Kanban Basics**

**Compare & Contrast to Scrum**

**Experience Report**

# Who are we?



# Frank's Bio:



**20 Yrs IT/IS**

**13 Yrs SW Development**

**7 Years "SW Architect"**

**6 Years Lean & Agile**

**BS Appl. Math/CS**

**Masters CIS**

# Brad's Bio:



**15 yrs SW development**  
**Developer, tester, mgr**  
**XP since 1999**  
**Cert. Scrum Coach**  
**Masters Comp. Sci.**

**Demographics:  
Who are you?**



**Agile-Denver First Timers?**

**Kanban First Timers?**

**Heard/Read some about it?**

**Using it?**

**I can TEACH "it"!**

**Definition:**

**Kanban - signal board or visual card**

看板

visual card

# **Brief History: Taiichi Ohno**



**1940s – US Supermarkets**

**1950s – JIT /Autonomation**

**1960s - TPS**

# Fast Forward:



**David J. Anderson**

**Corey Ladas**

**Karl Scotland**

**Agile 2007 Open-space**

**L&K 2009 - Miami**

**L&K 2009 - London**

**L&K 2010 - Atlanta**

# Foundational Principles:

**Kanban**



**Theory of  
Constraints**

**Little's Law**



**TOC – 2 Minutes**

**“Weakest Link” rules**

**Global Performance Measures and  
5 Focusing Steps**



# TOC – 1 Minute

**Throughput**

**Inventory**

**Operating Expense**



# **TOC – 30 Seconds**

## **5 Focusing Steps**

**1: Identify Constraint**

**2: Exploit It**

**3: Subordinate All Else**

**4: Elevate It**

**5: Repeat**



# **Little's Law – 2 Minutes:**

**Avg # customers =**

**(Avg Arrival Rate) x (Avg Time in System)**

**Avg Time in System =**

**(Avg # customers) / (Avg Arrival rate)**



# Little's Law – 1 Minute:

**Lead Time<sub>avg Q Time</sub> =**

**(WIP<sub>avg # in queue</sub>) / (Throughput<sub>acr</sub>)**

**Lead Time<sub>avg Q time</sub> → Avg Time per Unit**

**Throughput<sub>acr</sub> → Units per Time**

# Two + One Key Practices:

**Limit  
Work in  
Progress**

**Focus on  
Lead Time  
(Flow)**

**?**



# Balance



**Lean Operational  
Decisions:**

**Value (Throughput)  
trumps Flow**

**Flow trumps Limiting WIP  
(Waste Reduction)**

# Confused? Baby Steps



**Work on WIP**

**Work on bottleneck**

**Pull work from fixed queue**

**Work on lower priority work**

**Other Interesting Work  
(Build Skills)**

# Two + One Key Practices:

**Limit  
Work in  
Progress**

**Focus on  
Lead Time  
(Flow)**

**Make it  
Visible**





**kanban (k):**

**Little's Law**

**Identifying Constraint**

**WIP Limits**

**Lead Time**

**Simple Guidelines**

**Visible**

**Kanban (K):**

**Big K**

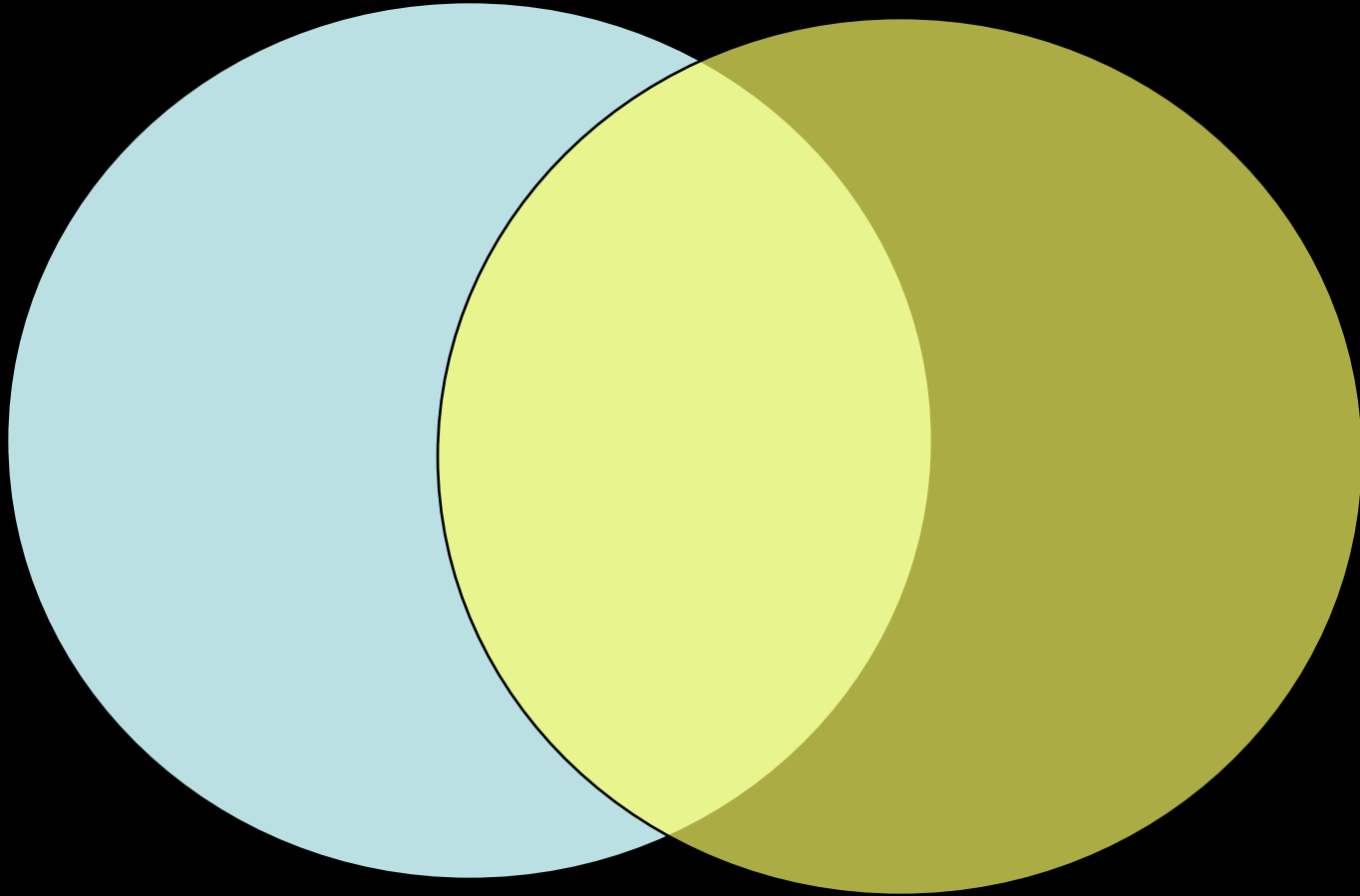
**Decouple Schedule and Scope**

**Iterations (variable)**

**SLAs**

**JIT Story Backlogs**

# Comparing Scrum & Kanban

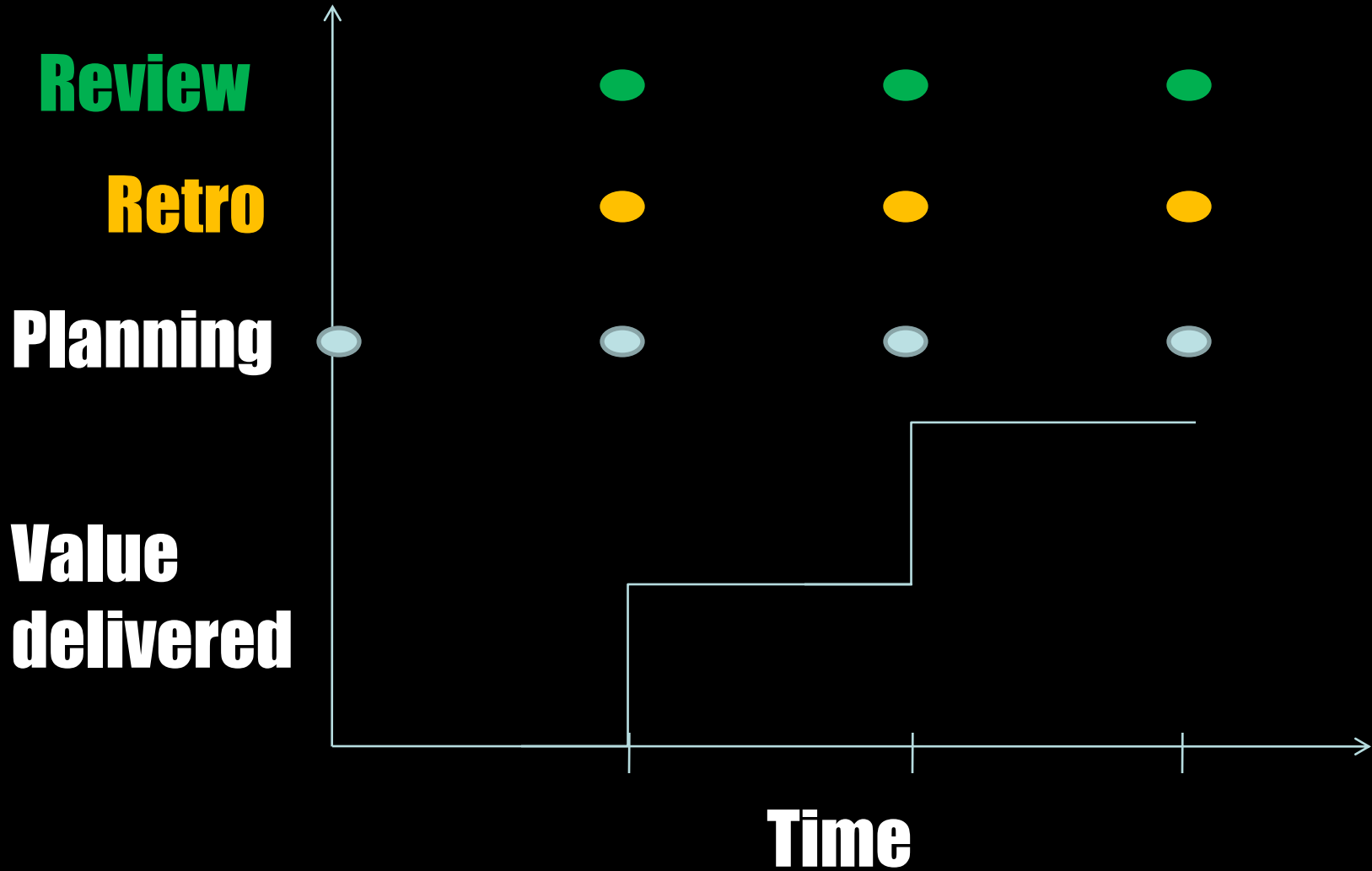


# Scrum Time Box

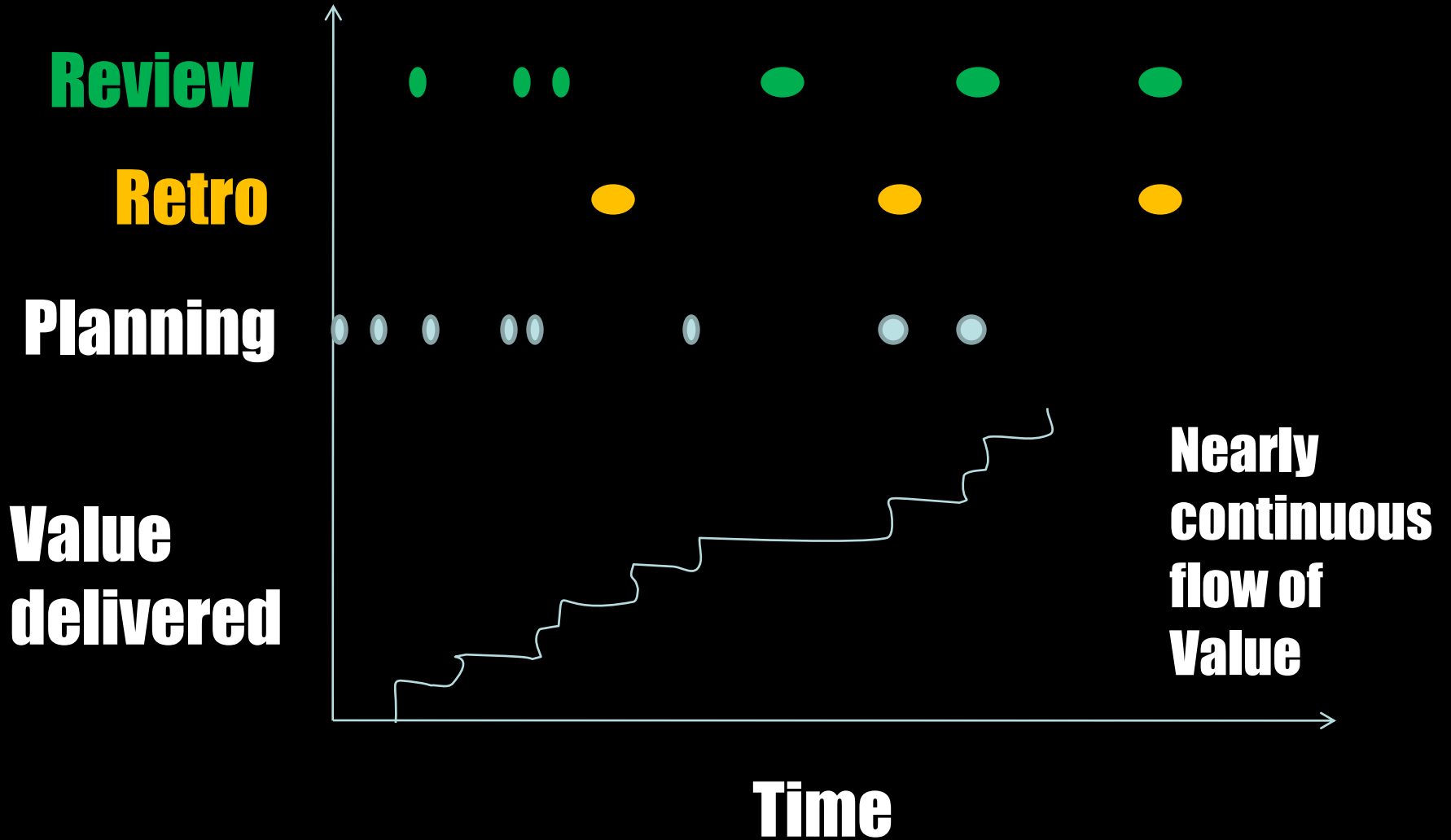


Planning  
Development  
Review / Demo  
Retrospective

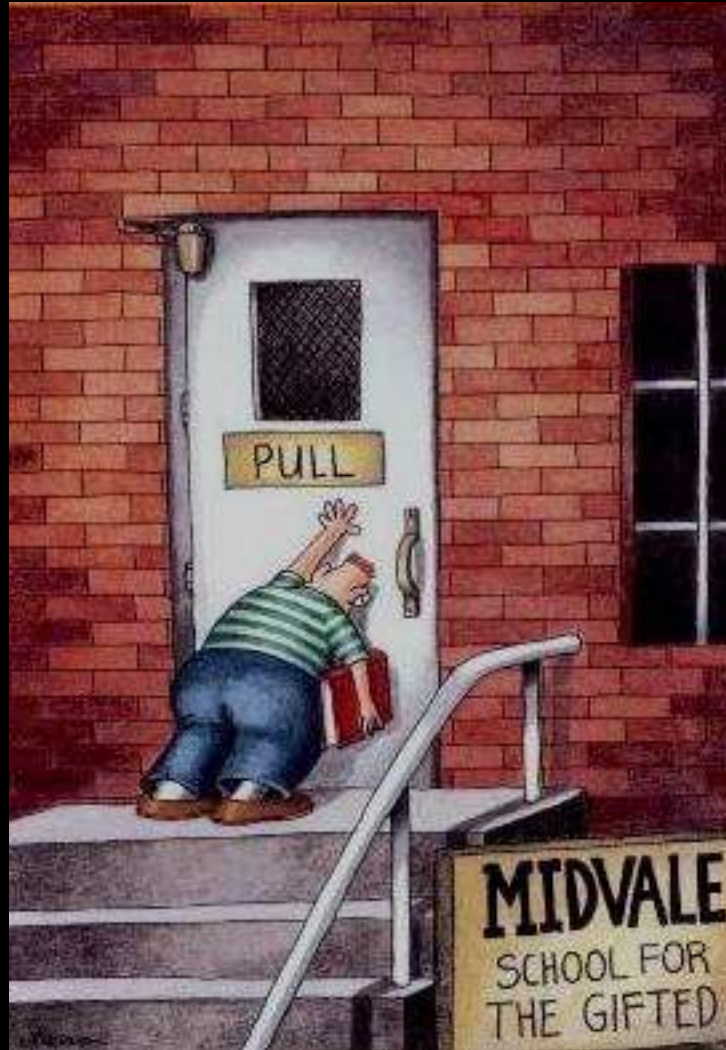
# Scrum Cadence



# Kanban Cadences



# Push vs. Pull

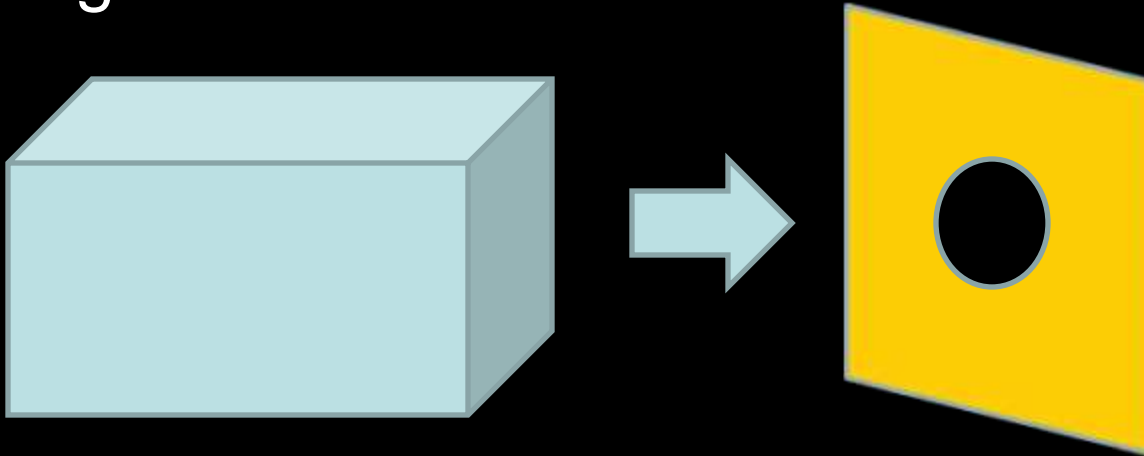


# Minimal Marketable Feature

- MMF = unit of work for prioritization
- Would you post the feature release in your product blog or list it in the product brochure?
- Smaller is preferable, but sometimes may be larger than would fit in a short iteration
- Different features require different levels of richness to be marketable & competitive
  - Bronze, silver, gold, or platinum?

# Stories vs. MMFs

- Short sprints often force Product Owners to artificially break features into stories too small to release, then track multiple stories that constitute a single marketable feature



- Kanban MMFs allows POs to think in their own terms

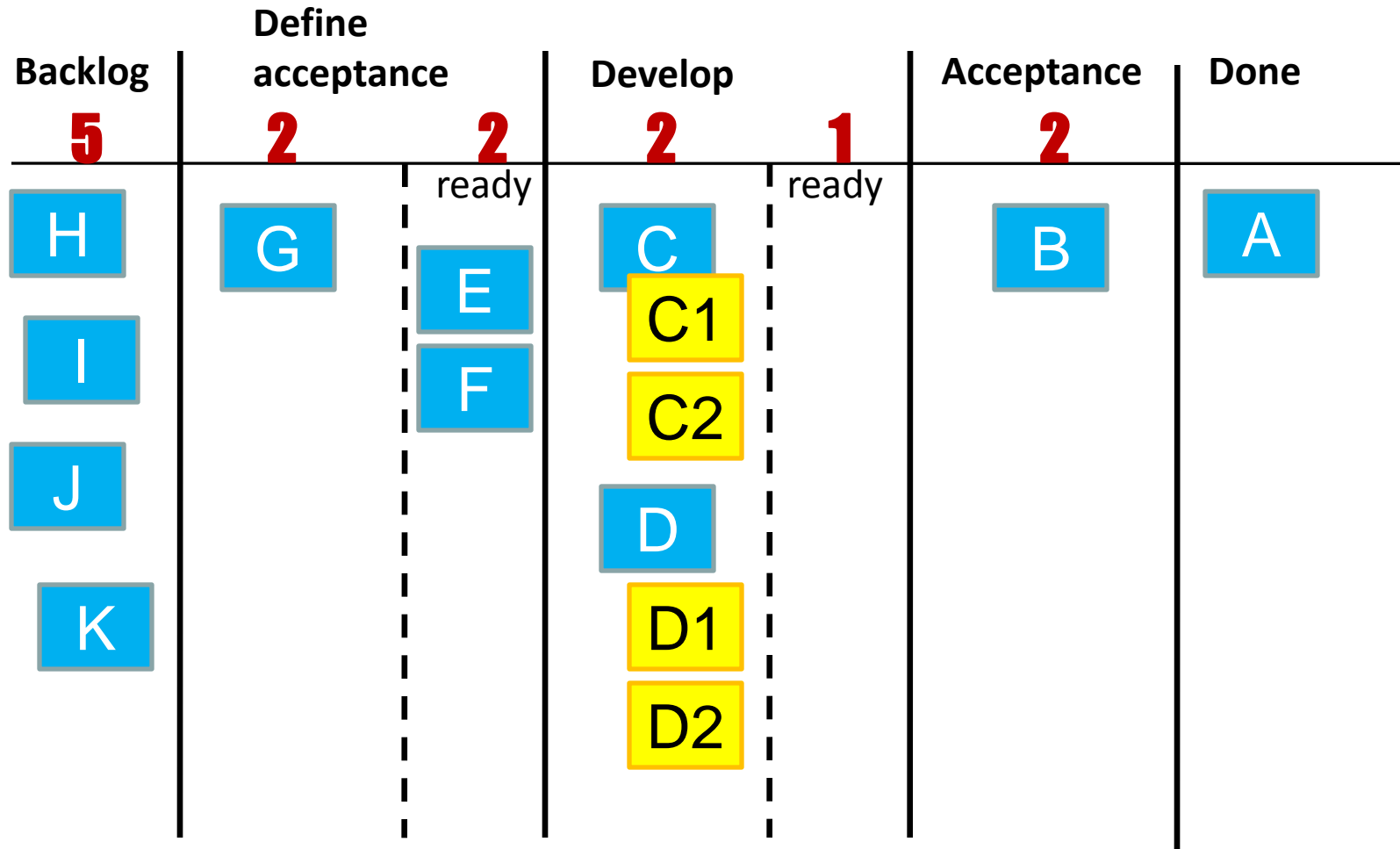
# Limiting WIP in Scrum



Planning  
Development  
Review / Demo  
Retrospective



# Limiting WIP in kanban



# Estimation

## Scrum:

- Story estimates in points for release planning
- Task estimates in hours for iteration planning

## Kanban:

- Estimate based on avg cycle time & MMFs per unit time
- If MMF sizes vary significantly, track cycle time vs. estimated size
  - E.g. S, M, L, XL
- No need for iteration estimates

# Commonalities

- Daily meeting
- Scrum roles
- Cross functional, self-organizing team
- Definition of Done
- Technical practices
  - TDD, refactoring, continuous integration, pairing, simple design...

# Experience Report



user experience

The logo features a stylized human figure in dark blue, with a teal circle above its head. The figure's arms and legs are represented by two curved lines that cross to form the letter 'X' in the word 'experience'.

# Organization



**Cross-Functional Dev Teams**

**Daily Scrum / Scrum Board**

**Story Backlogs**

**2-Week Time-box Iteration**

**XP Practices**

**Projects**

# Team



**Long-tooth Stories**  
**Planning “Daaays”**  
**Over-committed**  
**De-scoping & Re-pulling**  
**Inconsistent Sizing**  
**Story Splitting**  
**Technical Debt**

# Upstream



**Portfolio Process**

**Single Backlog**

**“Soft” Limit Queue**

**Small Batch**

**Similar Size**

**Prioritized**

# Team Level



**“Free-up”**

**Pull Epic / MMF**

**Get Acceptance Criteria**

**Go!**

# Planning Now



**2 to 4 Hours**

**JIT Stories**

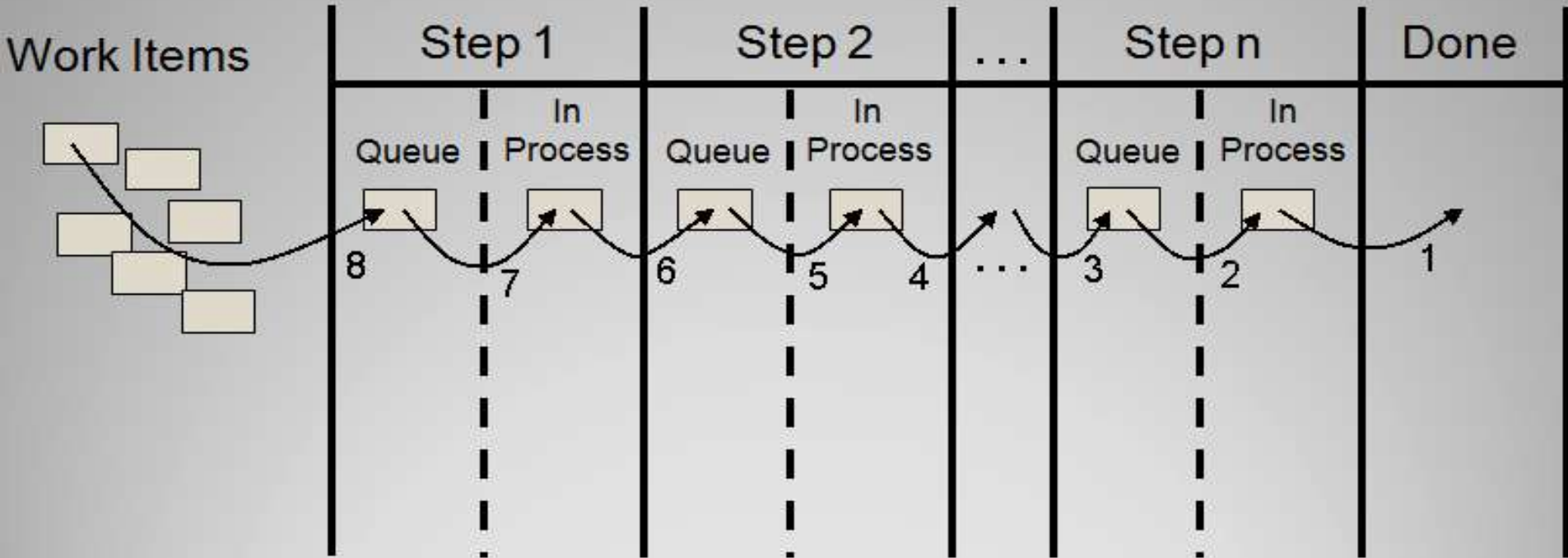
**Head-bob Sizing**

**Fuzzy Spikes**

**Disappearing Backlogs**



# Team Level Kanban



Karl Scotland

# **Confused? Remember These!**



**Work on WIP**

**Work on bottleneck**

**Pull work from fixed queue**

**Work on lower priority work**

**Other Interesting Work  
(Build Skills)**

# Team Level Outcomes



**Smoother Planning**

**Manageable Backlogs**

**Fresh Stories**

**No Bug Backlog**

**Technical Debt Decreasing**

**Decoupled Activities**

**Predictable **Throughput****

**N.B.T.**  
**THE NEXT BIG THING**

**Context Switches**  
**Variance**

**Q - Time**

**Lean & Kanban 2009**  
**Miami Sound *“bites”***